

BLACKCLOAK®

# The Home is the New Battleground for Cyber Threats:

**How to Safeguard Your Executives  
and Extend Cybersecurity Beyond  
the Corporate Walls**



# Introduction

**Home.** It's our sanctuary, the place we feel most comfortable and safe. It's where we create and share memories with our families, where our material goods are stored, and where we lay our head to sleep soundly at night. But for Chief Security Officers (CSOs), it has also evolved into the new battleground for cybercriminal activity because it is where executives—and therefore the cybersecurity of the organizations they work for— is most vulnerable.

Recent events have highlighted the increasing sophistication of attacks outside the corporate perimeter. Cybercriminals are now exploiting the personal devices, home networks, and publicly shared personal information of executives and their families to cause both digital and physical harm. In 2024, the [CEO of UnitedHealth](#) was targeted in a high-profile, deadly attack. Normally protected by a physical security detail when at home, the CEO traveled alone to a social media promoted corporate event and was unprotected at the time.

An attack on an executive's smart home system can disable security alarms, unlock doors, and manipulate surveillance cameras, leaving the individual and their family vulnerable to physical intrusions. This convergence of digital and physical threats underscores the need for CSOs to support comprehensive personal cyber security measures, ensuring protection against this growing danger to personal safety.





# Why Executives Represent Risk to Organizations

The digital footprints of corporate executives are larger than most, spanning across their own organizations, the multitude of individuals they interact with, and their personal lives. Given their high visibility and access to sensitive information, cybercriminals have identified them as high-value targets.

The challenges are compounded when these leaders use personal devices, connect to home networks, and interact with smart home devices, all of which become entry points to the corporate environment. This usage, when enterprise-level security measures are not in place, enables bad actors to learn about their targets and attack them when they are the most vulnerable.

There are five specific ways in which executives introduce cyber risk to their respective organizations.



# Using Personal Devices to Access Corporate Data

Due to the sensitive nature of information that is handled by executives, it's often a mandate not to mix corporate work with personal devices. Meaning, that work must be done only on business-sanctioned devices because they have the proper cybersecurity installed. But even with the highest level of cyber training available, mistakes are made by executives when at home and doing their jobs. They may use their iPads, personal laptops, or smartphones to access email, messaging platforms, or corporate folders.

87%

of leaderships' personal devices have no security installed

75%

are leaking data due to improper privacy settings or no privacy settings at all



Personal phones, tablets, and laptops are highly vulnerable to data loss, unauthorized access, credential theft, and lateral malware spread, among other attacks of consequence to their families and the enterprise.

According to [Ponemon Institute research](#), commissioned by BlackCloak



## Family & Friends Connecting to Wifi

**Wifi is the common denominator in homes, where every family member or visitor can access the internet via a single home connection.**

According to [Deloitte](#), the average household now has more than 25 connected devices. Of those IoT devices, a large percentage of those registered to executives contain malware. The intermixing of compromised and vulnerable devices on the same network being used for work purposes elevates the risk of botnet-driven attacks and lateral malware spread into the executives' organizations.

## Smart Homes & IoT Devices

A significant number of smart devices, like TVs, cameras, doorbells, and speakers, have open ports and hardware or software vulnerabilities. These devices, when improperly connected or configured, can compromise the executive's privacy, which subsequently adds risk to the business. Eavesdropping, device hijacking, man-in-the-middle attacks, and DNS spoofing are some of the most common IoT-driven threats.

## Data Broker Websites

Like ordinary people, C-suite and board members' personal information is available on hundreds of data broker websites. Cybercriminals can legally purchase this information or breach it, and then use it to conduct social engineering attacks, bypass multi-factor authentication controls, engage in identity theft and account takeover, and obtain unauthorized access to the company's sensitive assets.



## Disclosing Travel Plans

Corporate executives travel often, whether it be to events or conferences, to visit clients, or on personal vacations. Because of the extensive nature of an executives' network, many individuals are privy to these travel plans even if the executive does not post the details on their social channels or communicate it broadly. Cybercriminals targeting the executive are able to infiltrate unprotected personal email accounts, credit card information, or calendar systems to know where the executive will be, knowing they will be physically more vulnerable than if they are at home with a regular security detail.



# Challenge for CSOs

Responsibility for executives' physical security falls under the purview of CSOs, who must consider a multitude of complexities to protect the environment of their executives, to ensure the safety and integrity of the entire enterprise.

This task, however, becomes increasingly complex when these executives are outside the corporate cybersecurity perimeter. As cyber threats continue to evolve, the challenges facing CSOs in this context are multi-faceted and demanding, and require working with their CISO counterparts to understand the impact that personal digital lives have on an executives' physical safety.



## 01

### The Invisible Perimeter: Extending Security Beyond Corporate Devices

One of the primary challenges for CSOs is the invisible perimeter created when executives use personal devices or access the internet from outside the corporate network. These devices often lack the robust security measures implemented on corporate-issued hardware. Personal smartphones, tablets, and home computers may not have the latest security updates, making them vulnerable to malware, phishing attacks, and other cyber threats. Additionally, the absence of corporate-level firewalls and intrusion detection systems increases the risk of unauthorized access, leading to a compromised home environment.

02

## Blurred Boundaries: Work and Personal Life Intersect

Executives often blend their professional and personal lives, using the same devices and online accounts for both purposes. This intersection creates a broader attack surface, with sensitive personal data potentially being exposed and identifying specifications about the executives' physical location. Cybercriminals can exploit this overlap by targeting the executives' in their home environments. The challenge for CSOs is to implement security measures that protect both worlds without being overly intrusive.



03

## The Rising Threat of Social Engineering

Executives are prime targets for social engineering attacks due to their high visibility and access to valuable information. Cybercriminals employ sophisticated tactics, such as spear-phishing and whaling, to deceive executives into disclosing sensitive personal information or granting access to their physical location. These attacks often occur outside the office, leveraging social media platforms and personal communication channels. CSOs must continuously educate executives on the latest social engineering techniques and encourage vigilance in all online interactions to protect them in a physical setting.



04

## Home Network Vulnerabilities

Executives bring their work home with them, highlighting the vulnerabilities of home networks. Unlike corporate environments, home networks often lack stringent security protocols. Weak passwords, outdated routers, and unsecured IoT devices like surveillance cameras can provide easy entry points for cybercriminals. CSOs must work with personal security personnel to ensure that all home networks have the latest software updates and that ports and channels of entry are secure at all times.

05

## The Challenge of Responding to Threats

According to The Federal Bureau of Investigation's Internet Crime Complaint Center (IC3) [2023 Annual Internet Crime Report](#) there is an alarming increase in both the frequency and financial impact of online fraud perpetrated by cybercriminals. The threat for executives lies in the fact that ransomware attacks are increasingly crossing the digital threshold into physical threats, highlighting the evolving nature of personal security risks.





# Digital Executive Protection by BlackCloak

CSOs need a strategy to protect the privacy, physical safety, and homes of their C-suite, board members, and key personnel when they are outside the corporate perimeter. This strategy must recognize executives will use personal devices and connect to networks that lack enterprise-grade controls that can disclose their physical location. Extending enterprise-level coverage is critical and providing high-level visibility into the status of that coverage is important to CSOs.

## **BlackCloak is the pioneer of Digital Executive Protection™.**

The BlackCloak platform and suite of concierge services is purpose-built for corporate executives and high-profile individuals. It becomes an extension of enterprise-grade services to protect the company by safeguarding executives in their personal digital lives without burdening internal resources.

By combining proprietary technology with 24x7x365 Security Operations Center and white-glove concierge support, BlackCloak secures the C-suite, board members, and their families' privacy, reputation, and finances on behalf of the CSO while aligning to the organization's cybersecurity strategy. In doing so, Digital Executive Protection actively reduces the risk of advanced threats moving laterally into the organization for nefarious purposes.





# Reasons Why CSOs Trust BlackCloak

CSOs have long trusted BlackCloak as an extension of their security teams to protect the private digital lives of their executives because we deliver on the following promises:



01

## Executives maintain their privacy

Executives' personal information is everywhere online. BlackCloak, with our team of highly skilled and experienced digital privacy experts, removes the executives' private information from nearly 400 data broker sites. Upon request, executives can request that the team remove information from hundreds of additional websites, forums, and social media sites. BlackCloak continuously monitors the dark web, ensuring that members' personal devices, networks, IoT, apps, and passwords meet the most stringent privacy, hardening, and authentication controls.

02

## CISOs can ensure executives' digital safety during travel and work hours, thereby enabling CSOs to safeguard their physical security

The collision of the physical and digital worlds emboldens cybercriminals to exploit security gaps, putting executives and, by extension, their companies at risk. Through holistic privacy and cybersecurity protection, BlackCloak proactively reduces the risk of executives and their families becoming victims of cyber extortion, cyberstalking, cyberbullying, online and in-person harassment, impersonations, and threats to physical safety.

## 03

### Personal data breaches are prevented, protecting company data

To bypass corporate security, cybercriminals increasingly target executives in their personal lives to obtain credentials for accessing proprietary, sensitive, and lucrative company data. BlackCloak's 24x7x365 US-based Security Operations Center (SOC) uses a combination of enterprise-grade and proprietary technology to prevent, detect, and respond to cyberattacks on executives outside of enterprise security control. BlackCloak performs home network scans, secure personal devices, monitor social media accounts, and more to keep them safe.

## 04

### CSOs can protect against physical threats coming through executives without having to invade their personal lives

Security teams have a lot on their respective plates, and protecting the personal lives of executives is difficult to navigate. Even if security teams have capacity, having visibility into a company leader's personal life is a liability and can breach privacy legislation. BlackCloak's veteran team of threat intelligence, privacy, and security operations professionals manage executives' personal cybersecurity and privacy protection needs from start to finish.

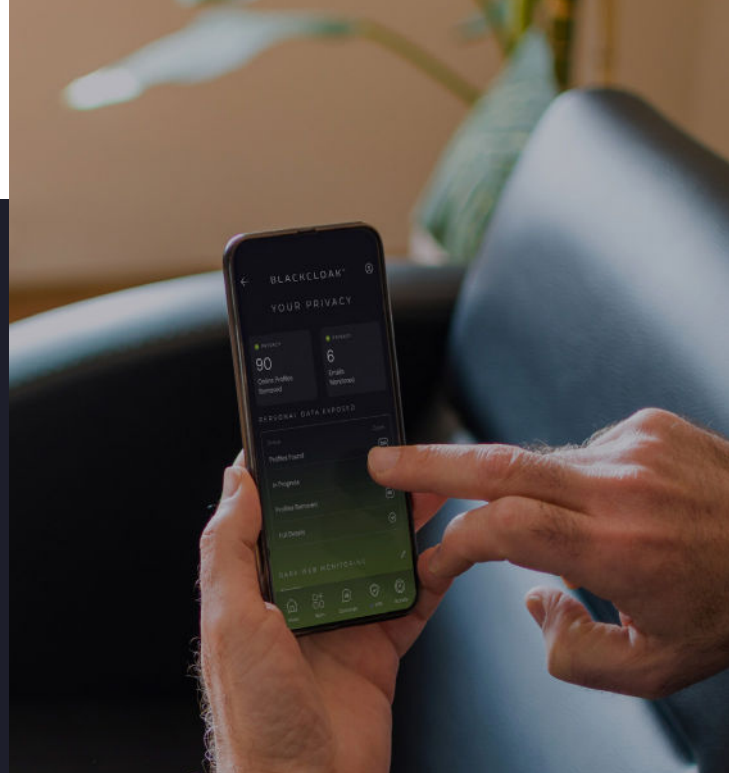
This allows the security team to focus on what they do best: protecting the enterprise.

## 05

### CSOs and executives achieve peace of mind

Executives are very busy people with limited time and a lot to lose. While a CSOs ability to protect them in their personal lives has its limits, they need more than just strong passwords and antivirus solutions to safeguard their personal privacy and security. From onboarding forward, BlackCloak's Concierge team provides the white-glove service executives expect, sharing only essential information with the security team while keeping corporate leaders' privacy intact.





# About BlackCloak

BlackCloak secures the personal digital lives of corporate executives, high-net-worth individuals, and their families. We tailor our cutting-edge technology, expertise and support to protect clients from evolving threats, safeguarding reputations, finances, and peace of mind in an increasingly connected world.

Used by Fortune 500 companies, recommended by wealth management firms, and trusted by private family offices, the BlackCloak Platform is an award-winning holistic cybersecurity solution, complete with 24/7 personalized support. With BlackCloak, executives and high-profile individuals get peace of mind knowing their family, privacy, reputation, and finances are secured, while CISOs and CSOs can be confident that their people, brand, intellectual property, data, and finances are protected without invading their executives' personal lives.

## BLACKCLOAK®

Contact [info@blackcloak.io](mailto:info@blackcloak.io) to learn more  
or visit [www.blackcloak.io](http://www.blackcloak.io)